



Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

### HS-19BBA203

### B. B. A. (Sem. II) (CBCS) (W.E.F. 2019) Examination

May - 2023

### Advanced Techniques of Business Mathematics

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours / Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) Answer all questions.  
(2) Figures to the right indicate marks.  
(3) Use of calculator is permissible.

- 1 (a) Explain rules of Determinant with examples : **10**  
(b) Solve without expanding (5 marks each) : **10**

$$(1) \begin{vmatrix} x & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & x & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & x \end{vmatrix} = 0 \quad (ii) \begin{vmatrix} x+2 & x+5 & x+8 \\ 2003 & 2006 & 2009 \\ 100 & 103 & 106 \end{vmatrix}$$

**OR**

- 1 (a) Solve using Cramer's method : **10**

$$\frac{3}{x} - \frac{4}{y} - \frac{2}{z} = 1, \quad \frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{y} + \frac{1}{z} = 2, \quad \frac{2}{x} + \frac{5}{y} - \frac{2}{z} = 3$$

- (a) Prove that : **10**

$$\begin{vmatrix} x & y & z \\ x^2 & y^2 & z^2 \\ x^3 & y^3 & z^3 \end{vmatrix} = xyz(x-y)(y-z)(z-x)$$

- 2 (a) Define with example : **10**  
(i) Matrix (ii) Equal matrices  
(iii) Skew-symmetric Matrix (iv) Orthogonal Matrix  
(v) Square Matrix

(b) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  then prove that  $A^3 - 3A^2 - A + 9I_3 = O$  10

**OR**

2 (a) Using Matrix method, solve : 10  
 $x + y = 0, 2x + 3z = 0, 2z - y = 1$

(b) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$  then prove that 10

(i)  $(A + B)^T = A^T + B^T$

(ii)  $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1}A^{-1}$

3 Evaluate : 15

(i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - 6x + 3}{x^3 - 5x^2 + 2x + 2}$

(ii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2x}\right)^x$

(iii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^3 - 8}{x - 2}$

(iv)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{x}$

**OR**

3 Evaluate : 15

(i)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n+1)(n+1)(n-1)}{n(n+2)(n+3)}$

(ii)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{7^x - 5^x}{x}$

(iii)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x} \left[ \frac{3x+10}{5x+2} - 5 \right]$

(iv)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h}, f(x) = x^2$

- 4 (a) Explain Simple Interest and Compound Interest. 8
- (b) A person has setup a sinking fund in order to have 7  
Rs.40,00,000 in 10 years for the children's college education  
and marriage. How much should be set a side each quarter  
into an account paying 6% interest compounded quarterly.

**OR**

- 4 (a) Write a note on Annuity and explain with example. 8
- (b) A machine is available in Rs.80,000 or by leasing it for 5 7  
years at an annual rent of Rs.20,000. If money can be borrowed  
at 14% p.a., Is it profitable to go for leasing ?

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